

## THE GREEKS

**Maintaining Their Positions in the Battle at Larissa.**

**King George Will Start for Larissa Next Monday—The Turkish Fleet Is Unfit for Active Operations—Nezoros Is Still in the Hands of the Turks.**

LONDON, April 23.—The war news received from the special correspondents of the London morning papers for publication Friday, is meager and somewhat conflicting. The only certainty seems to be that Tynavro has not yet fallen, but Nezoros is in the hands of the Turks.

The Chronicle's Athens correspondent says that the Greeks have retreated from Mati.

According to the Times correspondent at Athens the result of the fighting, which was raging furiously at Mati Wednesday, would decide the fate of Larissa, and if the Turks capture Mati, Tynavro must fall.

A telegram from Larissa, dated 5 o'clock Thursday evening, says that 10,000 Turks are engaged, and that Crown Prince Constantine has arrived on the scene of action. The Greeks are maintaining their positions.

All the dispatches from Athens admit that the situation is extremely grave. Fighting appears to be going on along the whole frontier line. It is rumored there that the king will start for Larissa on Monday next.

The western division of the Greek fleet has sailed from Leucas for the coast of Epirus, with the design of fomenting a revolt among the Albanians. It is said that Hafe Pasha will resign the command of the Turkish fleet if it is ordered to leave the Dardanelles. He is said to have declared the vessels "quite unfit for active operations."

A dispatch to the Times from Canea says that fighting is going on almost daily in the vicinity of Canea, where there are 5,000 insurgents, including 500 cavalry, together with a considerable body of Greek troops and four heavy guns.

The governor expresses fear lest the insurgents may attack the town en masse. The Turks there have no field guns.

LARISSA, April 23.—The latest news from the district of Kurtisvali (probably identical with Gritzovali) is that the place has been recaptured by the Greeks.

LONDON, April 23.—A special dispatch from Athens says that offers of help are reaching the Greek government from all quarters and the military authorities expect to have 40,000 volunteers enrolled under the Greek flag before next week.

The Epirotes at Athina are preparing to leave that city in order to assist the Greeks in capturing Epirus as far as the Berlin treaty line.

The National League of Greece has advanced the passage money for 1,000 Garibaldians who are expected at the Piræus immediately. The Pan-Hellenic steamer Albanian is on her way to Rimini to embark 3,000 Italians, who, the Greek minister at Rome telegraphs, are ready to fight for Greece.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE GREEK ARMY, LARISSA, April 23.—The latest advice as to the situation at Damasi show that on Sunday the Turks made a sortie from the town and attacked the Greek position at Boughazi pass and Sideropolis.

After severe fighting the Greeks drove the Turks back across the frontier with a loss of five guns.

The Turks have descended from Milouna pass on Kurtisvali. The result is not yet known here.

Four hundred members of the foreign legion, including 26 Englishmen, under Capt. Birch, arrived here on Tuesday. They were received with a great demonstration, which was repeated on their departure for the front in the evening. Intense enthusiasm was caused among the Greeks when the Englishmen sang the Greek national war songs.

The Greek Evzones and a mountain battery, having ascended the mountains east of the St. George monastery, were taken by the Turks on the flank. After a severe fight, lasting many hours, the Turks, who, on Monday had driven the Greeks from Mati and Ligaria, brought 281 Circassian cavalry from Ellassona. This was on Tuesday. The Circassians began to extend into the plain, but being raked by the Greek Col. Mastropas' battery and by the Evzones they were compelled to fall back on Ligaria with great loss.

A portion of the fleeing Turks have recrossed the Milouna pass toward Ellassona. The Greek infantry, extending in a semi-circle from Tynavro to Karavali, and supported by artillery, all well handled, after a hard day's fighting, drove back the Turks upon Ligaria. It is understood that the latter are retreating in force toward Ellassona.

LONDON, April 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Athens says that the Greeks have held their own positions and destroyed the Turkish cavalry at Mati. German officers were seen fighting with the Turks in German uniforms.

LONDON, April 23.—A special dispatch from Athens says that offers of help are reaching the Greek government from all quarters, and the military authorities expect to have 40,000 volunteers enrolled before the beginning of next week. The Epirotes at Athens are preparing to leave that city to assist the Greeks in capturing Epirus.

## THREE MEN DEAD

**And Two Dying as a Result of a Wreck on the Louisville and Nashville Road at Wilcox, Ala.**

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 23.—A special to the Republic from Montgomery, Ala., says:

Another disastrous wreck, caused evidently by the band of wreckers which has played havoc with the roads in this state, occurred Thursday morning. As a result three men are dead, two others are said to be dying and a number of others more or less seriously injured.

## NEW ORLEANS

**Has Two Thousand Men at Work on the Levee—The Last Grand Rally Before the Advancing Waters Made.**

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.—The monster river stood still Thursday. Clouds gathered, but no rain fell. It was altogether a fine day for work and great work was done. There is need for it. New Orleans and her over-the-river proteges, Algiers, have several weak levees to look after. Just below in St. Bernard are two; just above, taking both sides of the river together, between here and Baton Rouge, are half a dozen. New Orleans has 2,000 men at work Friday morning and the other places have many more. Lumber in carloads and mud by the trainload are being used. It is one of the finest fights in history and only a few days more remain before the crisis will be reached.

As previously stated, the battle has had its lessons and a great deal has been learned about the way to obtain the most strength of levees, about revetments and about the importance of proper drainage for the embankments, a point which was heretofore almost entirely neglected. Now the state experiment station at Audubon Park announces a number of interesting tests in progress. Various kinds of earth are being submitted to outward pressure, as to its penetrability, and when the experiments are completed the scheme of levee building will be more exact.

NEW ORLEANS, April 24.—The river has been about stationary around 19 feet above low water. The line is being held all along the Louisiana front, below the Concordia parish breaks, although a number of dangerous spots are being sought for. The levee at Johnston, St. James parish, was the leading menace Friday night, but the citizens and the Texas & Pacific are fighting for it and will succeed in averting disaster. The principal sensation Friday was the attempt to create a break at Bonnet-carre, where several big crevasses have taken place in the last quarter of a century. It happened about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. A party was found acting suspiciously, and when caught, was fired at by the guards. He escaped into the woods, leaving behind two dynamite bombs. Great excitement prevails there.

## W. J. DEBOE,

**A Hunter Man, Receives the Nomination For United States Senator at the Republican Caucus.**

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 24.—The adjourned republican joint legislative caucuses met Friday night at 8 o'clock to again attempt the nomination of Dr. Hunter's successor. The presence of Baird, gold democrat, was taken to mean a possible attempt on the part of the Deboe-Hunter men to repeal the resolution, making 39 republican votes necessary to a nomination. The only absenteees were Messrs. Deboe and Bennett, the candidates paired.

The caucus lasted until after midnight and 28 ballots were taken, when W. J. Deboe received the nomination. The balloting went on by the hour without material change. Before the twentieth ballot the Deboe side offered a resolution that beginning with the twenty-fifth ballot the hindmost man on each succeeding ballot be dropped. The anti-Deboe side agreed to this.

After midnight the nominee was brought in and made a stirring speech of thanks. Holt and Lewis also came in and made speeches. Hunter men, whose man had been nominated only with the wish and consent of their bitterest enemies, didn't look very happy over it, but no republican was found Friday night who would say he would not vote for the nominee Saturday.

W. J. Deboe, the nominee, is about 50 years old, a native of Crittenden county, where he was a practicing county physician for a number of years. His first political prominence was his election to the state senate four years ago. There is every reason to believe he will be elected Saturday.

## ST. LOUIS MOTORMAN

**Shot by Ira Stansbury for Bumping His Buggy Off the Car Track.**

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—James S. Thorp, motorman, was shot by Ira Stansbury in front of the city hall Friday. Stansbury was in a buggy, which he was driving on the track. Thorp ran an electric car up behind the buggy and sounded the gong for Stansbury to get off the track. Stansbury was driving fast and refused to turn out. Thorp ran his car up to the buggy and bumped it off the track. Stansbury dispassionately stopped his horse, lowered the hood of his buggy, produced a revolver from under the seat and carefully shot the motorman through the thigh. When arrested by an astonished policeman Stansbury was perfectly calm. He said he had as much right on the street as a car and that no motorman had any franchise to run him down.

Stansbury is 77 years old and has been a resident of St. Louis for 60 years. Twenty years ago he was proprietor of the largest saddlery and harness establishment in the city.

## Tobacco Warehouse Burned.

RIPLEY, O., April 24.—The large brewery, one mile north of this place, belonging to the T. Reinert estate was totally destroyed by fire. Of late years it has been occupied as a tobacco warehouse. Building and contents were fully insured.

## The Deadlock in Florida.

TALLAHASSEE, Fla., April 24.—Balloting for U. S. senator Friday resulted as follows: For Call, 33; Chipley, 24; Raney, 17; Hocker, 11; Burford, 5; Darby, 1; Broome, 1; Wolff, 1; total, 93. Chipley gained two and Call one over the last ballot.

## Jury Couldn't Agree.

LEBANON, Ind., April 24.—After 24 hours' deliberation, the jury in the Mt. Tabor church case failed to agree, and at 6 o'clock Friday evening was brought into court and discharged. The final vote stood 9 to 3 in favor of the defense, or "Means" party.

## ARRANGEMENTS

**For Receiving and Escorting the President in New York.**

**The Honor of Acting as Military Escort Tendered to Cavalry Squadron A—McKinley Will Receive the Alumni of the Signal Alpha Epsilon Society.**

NEW YORK, April 26.—Final arrangements for receiving and escorting President McKinley from the ferry to the Windsor hotel, where he will be quartered during the Grant day ceremonies, were completed Sunday night by Gen. Daniel Butterfield. Gen. Butterfield telegraphed to Washington to learn the president's wishes in the matter and received a reply that everything should be left to Gen. Butterfield. The honor of acting as military escort to the president was then tendered to cavalry squadron A, composed of about 250 men.

President McKinley will receive the New York Alumni association of the Signal Alpha Epsilon fraternity, of which he is a member, Monday evening at the Windsor hotel. After the reception the association will adjourn to the Waldorf, where the annual banquet will be held. It is expected that President McKinley and ex-Secretary Carlisle, who is also a member of the society, will be present at the banquet.

## A FORECAST

**Of the Business to Be Transacted in Congress This Week.**

WASHINGTON, April 26.—There will not be a quorum in the senate during the present week owing to the absence of a large number of senators in New York, in attendance upon the ceremonies over Gen. Grant's tomb. Consequently business of importance will be transacted. Probably a majority of the senators desire to adjourn from Monday until Thursday and from Thursday again until Monday, without transacting any business of general moment, and this programme is likely to be followed. If the wish of the republican members of the finance committee is acceded to the tariff bill will be reported Thursday, but it is most probable that this will be postponed until next week. The work of preparing for the reorganization of the senate committees will proceed informally.

Under the arrangement made on Friday the house will transact no business this week. The house met formally Monday and adjourned until Thursday, when an adjournment will be taken until Monday.

## NO NEW BREAKS.

**River Still Beating Against its Banks With Awful Fury.**

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 26.—No new crevasses appeared in the levees Friday, but the current of the river is still beating against the southern embankments with a fury that causes the gravest apprehension. The break at Delta has inundated 75,000 acres of the finest plantation in southern Louisiana, and the water continues to pour through the opening and is rapidly spreading over a greater area. Reports from Greenville are not encouraging.

While the water is slowly receding in the overflowed district of the Yazoo delta, yet it is almost certain that the planting of this year's crop will be 30 days late.

The Negro laborers are in a fearful state of destitution throughout the delta, although the government relief work is being carried on energetically. The situation north of Memphis and in Arkansas, however, has greatly increased.

At Vicksburg and New Orleans there are no changes, the river remaining stationary. All other points from which bulletins are issued a decline is reported varying from one-tenth to eight-tenths of a foot.

## VIARS AND LEWIS

**To Hang in June, and Slaughter Will Wear Stripes for Life.**

MONTGOMERY, W. Va., April 26.—The criminal court at Fayetteville has sentenced Albert Viars and Clark Lewis to be hanged June 15. Wilbur Slaughter turned state's evidence and was given a life sentence. Virgie Gibson was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and will get a life sentence.

When sentence was pronounced Clark Lewis broke down and sobbed like a child. He says he choked Gibson into unconsciousness in the house and he was then taken to the old mine and Viars finished the job. Gibson's little girl was lying across the foot of the bed asleep while her father was being murdered, and was told by her mother next morning that her father had run away. Viars and Slaughter received the news of their sentence very coolly and seemed indifferent as to their fate.

Wiley Lewis and Hudson have not yet been sentenced.

## Prof. Dennison Attempts Suicide.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Prof. J. D. Dennison, aged 73 years, attempted to commit suicide on Saturday at his home in Haledon, N. J. He had grown helpless and sought to relieve his wife of the burden of his support. For 18 years Prof. Dennison was principal of the Haledon school, holding the position until four years ago, when it was decided to place a younger man in charge of the institution. Prof. Dennison never recovered from the blow of his dismissal.

## Wheat Sells at \$1.03.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 26.—Wheat again broke the record Friday when No. 2 red winter wheat sold at \$1.03 per bushel. This is the highest price reached since 1890. One car was sold at that figure by C. J. Taylor & Co. to the Eggers Milling Co. The news of the sale spread quickly on "change" and helped materially to bolster the market in futures.

**A Miss Elected President of the Board.** GALLON, O., April 26.—Miss Jessie Young, a member of the board of education, was elected president of the board for the ensuing year.

## BOMBARDMENT

**Of Santoguarda by the Greeks Causes Great Damage—All the Government and Private Buildings Are Destroyed.**

CORFU, April 24.—The western Greek squadron is bombarding Santoguarda and doing great damage to the town. All the government and private buildings have been destroyed with the exception of the Austrian embassy. All the stores and merchandise on the quays have been burned. Fifty refugees who had embarked on ships have been landed here.

NEW YORK, April 24.—A dispatch to the Journal from Constantinople says: There was a rumor Friday night that the sultan will refuse the demands of Bulgaria for five additional Berats or bishoprics. Such a refusal will surely result in a war with Bulgaria.

It is asserted, however, that the sultan would never have refused such a request from Bulgaria, unsupported by some power, in the face of recent reverses on the Greek frontier. The Bohemian government is preparing for war by announcing the issue of bills to the amount of 8,670,000 francs for an extraordinary war credit.

LONDON, April 24.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that while Osman Pasha will take supreme command of all the Turkish armies engaged against Greece, Elthem Pasha will remain in active command of the eastern army with headquarters at Macedonia.

The correspondents of the Daily News at Constantinople say:

"It is reported that all telegraphic communication with Constantinople is now cut off except by way of Gdessa. I am assured that Izzet Bey has been received again into the favor of the sultan."

The Athens correspondent of the London Daily Mail says it is reported that the Greek army in Epirus has left a contingent to attack Pentepirgia, while the main body has proceeded to Plakka, where fighting is in progress.

The Times correspondent at Canea says Friday the insurgents are attacking Fort Izzidin, which is occupied by the international troops in addition to the Turkish garrison.

Three warships have left Sula and anchored opposite the fort. The admirals have gone to reconnoitre in a torpedo boat. He says that Col. Vassos has written to the admirals to ask whether the powers are in alliance with Turkey. The object of this inquiry is obvious.

The Athens correspondent of the London Times says Saturday: Those in authority here regard the situation as highly critical, despite the favorable news from Epirus. Fighting continues at Mati. The Crown Prince Constantine has ordered his troops to maintain a strictly defensive attitude. A portion of the western squadron has been detached to bombard the fortress Parga, opposite Pax Island.

A dispatch to the Times from Milouna Pass dated Friday, says:

"Edhem Pasha continues to pursue a cautious policy. His plan seems to be to capture in succession a number of small positions held by the Greeks, but to avoid a general engagement. The Turks are making a good military road through the pass. The cannonade continues from the Turks, who are advancing on the left wing; but in the direction of Tynavro matters are quiet. The Turks having taken and occupied the town. Large reinforcements are arriving and the result of the war is beyond doubt. The Turks treat their prisoners with humanity and kindness."

The Athens correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle says that the Crown Prince Constantine has wired to King George as follows:

"The Turks are quiet to-day, owing to our success yesterday (Thursday). We have destroyed the Turkish battery at Ligaria. The Turks have retired from Nezoros and Iliapsani. The action of our fleet at Katerina was excellent. I was in the first line of fire yesterday."

The Chronicle's correspondent says: "The Turks are greatly dismayed by the destruction of their stores at Katerina and at Litochorion. Commodore Sachtouris destroyed the stores from the coast to the foot of Mount Olympus. Nothing remains, therefore, for Edhem Pasha to carry away but hunger. The coast road being barred, the only remaining road from Salonica is the Verria road, eight days from Ellassona."

"The reports of the injury to the railway line by the blowing up of bridges and a tunnel are confirmed."

"Financially, everything is going well and the value of paper money has risen. It is reported here (Athens) that the Turkish troops will be withdrawn from Crete. Private advices from Volo say that all the villages between Katerina and Veria have risen."

"Among the wounded who have arrived here are several who state that a number of the Greeks wounded at Gritzovali and unable to follow the Greek retreat, were shut up in a small church by the Turks, who set fire to the building and burned them to death."

ATHENS, April 24.—It has been decided to call out several of the landwehr, or militia.

In Greece all able-bodied males, from 21 years of age and upward, are liable to be called upon for military service. The total service is for 19 years, of which two years, with considerable terms of leaves of absence, must be passed with the colors, eight and seven years are then passed in reserve, and the remainder of the total of 19 years is passed in the militia, or landwehr.

## Consul General Lee Died.

HAVANA, April 24.—Several of the newspaper correspondents who will leave Cuba Saturday gave a dinner Friday evening to Consul General Lee at the Hotel Inglaterra. Among the American journalists present were Mr. Springer, Dr. Burgess and Mr. Shields.

## Greeks En Route for Greece.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., April 24.—Nine native Greeks passed through this city en route from Minneapolis to New York City on their way home to take part in the war against the Turks. A party of 50 passed through from Chicago Friday.

## END IN SIGHT.

**The Greeks' Defeat at Larissa Was a Crushing Blow.**

**It Is Reluctantly Believed in Athens That the Greeks' Retreat From Larissa Was Somewhat Disorderly—Greece Will Persevere in the Struggle.**

LONDON, April 26.—What seems likely to be the last week of the war is entered upon Sunday. It is difficult from the tangle of conflicting telegrams to understand the exact position of affairs.

Following the Greek defeat at Larissa, London opinion Sunday was almost unanimous that the end is in sight, and this view is probably shared by the powers, as they are already moving to intervene.

It is believed that intervention will first take the form of a suggestion of armistice, to which the combatants would no doubt agree. Since Saturday afternoon the British foreign office has been in close communication with the other members of the European concert, Great Britain suggesting that the time has now arrived for them to act. The French, German and Italian governments have already responded, offering to agree, though the German government adds as a condition that it will be necessary to enact a pledge from Greece to obey the mandate of Europe when this mandate is again given.

British foreign office believes that Greece will give this pledge as the disasters which have overtaken her have demonstrated that Turkey still possesses a formidable fighting machine at both places, they could not transport the guns to Pharsala.

It is reluctantly believed by some in Athenian circles that the retreat was somewhat disorderly, and that some of the guns were abandoned with but feeble defense. It seems probable, however, that in the main the retreat was in good order.

Sunday morning the word went forth here that the government will persevere in the struggle with greater determination. The report, however, has not served to allay the growing irritation at the belief that, even if Greece could not hold her own, the non-offensive policy manifested in the orders of the crown prince not to attack, was idiotic and un-Grecian. The retreat to Pharsala is considered a poor response to the fiery speeches of the Crown Prince Constantine to his troops.

Naturally all sorts of reasons are advanced to explain why the Greeks retreated, the more candid admitting that the Turks were too strong. It is also pointed out that the Turkish cavalry did much to turn the scale in favor of Edhem Pasha.

The Greek fleet is also the subject of many curious reports, one of which asserts that the eastern squadron has bombarded Dedeagach. It is known that the Turks yesterday ordered that all the lanterns in the lighthouses on the Gulf of Salonica should remain unlighted. Five ironclads and four torpedo boats are operating along the coast between Platamon and Katerina. The British and French subjects residing at Volo have addressed their respective envoys here, begging for the dispatch of warships to Volo to protect them. The envoys have wired to their governments and to the admirals at Canea, but at Athens it is considered unnecessary to comply with the request, as an attack upon Volo is no part of the Turkish programme.

The triumph of the Turkish arms has caused the liveliest satisfaction here. The following telegram from Edhem Pasha is posted everywhere: "Larissa was occupied Sunday by the cavalry of the imperial army. The Hellenic troops fled in disorder, abandoning a large quantity of arms and ammunition."

This has been put up as a bulletin in many places, while the people are also reading Edhem Pasha's dispatch announcing his possession of a strategic position in front of Tynavro, which is as follows:

"The hill of Lesdaki, the most important dominant point to the north of Larissa, was taken by the Ottoman troops on Friday. Hamid Pasha's division having left Koskesi (Karya), effected a juncture with the other imperial troops at Miloorin. The town of Tynavro, which is situated two hours from Larissa, was occupied Sunday by the Ellassona army corps."

The Ottoman troops continue to advance toward the plain of Larissa.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—The Turkish legation received the following dispatch from Constantinople:

"The imperial troops took in Tynavro a great quantity of rifles and ammunition for cannon and rifles, also provisions. The Greek soldiers who were taken prisoners were sent to Ellassona. The village has been surrounded by a military cordon. Ottoman patriots make continual rounds and efficient measures have been taken to prevent any depredations. The wise and proper behavior of our troops has been the subject of admiration of the foreigners who are on the spot."

ROME, April 26.—L'Opinione semi-officially says Monday morning: The hour is grave for Greece. Her abandonment of Larissa is more than a defeat. It is a demonstration of impotence, and its consequences are incalculable unless she has the courage to negotiate and to withdraw her troops from Crete.

## The Canadian Tariff.

LONDON, April 26.—The Times will say editorially Monday: "The presentation of the consideration of Canadian tariff is beyond doubt the most remarkable step yet made towards financial legislation in the British empire. We much regret to see the attitude Mr. Foster has taken towards it."

## Turks Dynamite Churches.

LONDON, April 26.—The Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Larissa says that the Turks have burned, after plundering, the villages of Ligaria, Karavali and Meralaria, destroying the churches with dynamite.

## A Strong Point for the Winchester.

In time everything breaks or wears out. Ofttimes a break can be repaired if the proper means are at hand. One of the many great advantages of using a Winchester make of rifle or repeating shot gun is that, if any part of the gun is broken, it can be easily replaced at a trifling cost. All Winchester guns are made by a system of interchangeable parts so that a part will fit any Winchester gun of like model. This permits the owner of a Winchester to renew any part of the gun without the aid of a gunmaker. Parts can be obtained through any gun dealer in the country. This feature alone should recommend strongly guns made by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct. Send for their large illustrated catalogue free.

Dora—"He said there was one thing about me he didn't like." Cora—"What was that?" Dora—"Another man's arm."—Detroit Free Press.

## SOUTH DAKOTA.

**What a Man Can Do With \$1,000.**

He can buy 100 acres of good land for \$1,000. Pay \$400 down; balance in three payments due in 3, 4 and 5 years at 7 per cent. He can also buy 100 choice ewes for \$300 and ten good cows for \$200. The milk and butter from the cows will pay all farm and family expenses. The increase of sheep and wool will pay off the mortgage before it is due. In five years he will have a farm all paid for and well stocked. For descriptive lists and prices address H. F. Hunter, Immigration Agent for South Dakota, 255 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Some people enjoy saying mean things about others so well that they don't go to the trouble to find out if they are true.—Washington Democrat.

## Physicians Wise in Their Generation.

The above class of scientists recognize and have repeatedly borne testimony, to the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a remedy and preventive of fever and ague, rheumatism, want of vigor, liver complaint, and some other ailments and infirm conditions of the system. Experience and observation have taught them its value. They but echo the verdict long since pronounced by the public and the press. Only the benighted now are ignorant of America's tonic and alterative.

Teach self-denial, and make its practice pleasurable, and you create for the world a destiny more sublime than ever issued from the brain of the wildest dreamer.

## "Star Tobacco."

As you chew tobacco for pleasure, use Star. It is not only the best, but the most lasting, and therefore the cheapest.

Considering how mean men can be, they deserve credit for being as good as they are.—Atchison Globe.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 24 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We can see one way with a little thought, but it usually takes a second or third thought to see the best way.—Ram's Horn.

Pains and aches break down. St. Jacobs Oil builds up and finishes with a cure.

Act without thought, and you are a fool; think without act, and you are a visionary.—Ram's Horn.

Just try a 10c box of Cascaret candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made.

He is littlest, who belittles others.—Ram's Horn.

Don't refuse or excuse—St. Jacobs Oil's the cure for bruise.

Nothing will upbraid you like unused faculties.—Ram's Horn.

When billions or cubic cat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed. 10c, 25c.

Reflection is a key that unlocks the treasures of the memory.—Ram's Horn.

The nerves are tortured by neuralgia; soothed and cured by St. Jacobs Oil.

Intelligence is largely in knowing what we do not know.—Ram's Horn.

## Scrofula Tumors

**Broke Out and Caused Intense Suffering—Hood's Sarsaparilla Keeps the Blood Pure.**

"Several years ago I had scrofula which appeared in tumors in different parts of my body. It took five weeks for them to develop so they could be lanced and I suffered intensely. Physicians failed to cure me. After three years of great suffering the trouble reached my throat and my tonsils were consumed. I read of cures of scrofula by Hood's Sarsaparilla and procured six bottles. After taking a few bottles I felt better. I continued until I was eventually cured. I have never been troubled with scrofula since that time. Hood's Sarsaparilla keeps my blood pure in spring and fall." MRS. SARAH G. DALES, Rutland, Ill. Be sure to get Hood's because

## Hood's Sarsaparilla